

**MON** JANUARY 31

Ch. 7) Chapter 7 describes the law of the guilt offering and peace offering. The flesh of the sacrifice of his peace offerings for thanksgiving shall be eaten (.....) of his offering.

If the sacrifice of his offering is a vow offering or a freewill offering, it shall be eaten on the day that he offers his sacrifice, and (.....) what remains of it shall be eaten.

Ch. 8) What was the first thing Moses did after completing all preparations to appoint Aaron and his sons as priests? (Hint v1-5)

Ch. 9) When Aaron made the first sacrifice, what kind of animal did Aaron kill for himself, and what kind of animal did he kill for the people?

1) For Aaron: .....

2) For the people: .....

Ch. 10) After the seven-day priestly commissioning ceremony was over (chapter 8), Aaron and his sons offered the first sacrifice (chapter 9).

Nadab and Abihu, the sons of Aaron, each took his censer and put fire in it and laid incense on it and offered unauthorized fire before the LORD, which he had not commanded them. And fire came out from before the LORD and consumed them, and they died before the LORD. (v1-2)

Moses told Aaron and his sons not to mourn the deaths of Nadab and Abihu, but rather to mourn for what?

**TUE** February 1

Ch. 11) Chapter 11 records the ordinances of cleansing from what we eat (v1-23) and the ordinances of purification from what we touch (v24-40). What is the purpose of all these ordinances? (Hint v 45)

Ch. 12) What were the two offerings by a woman who had given birth to a son or a daughter?

Ch. 13) Chapter 13 is about leprosy in humans (v. 1-46) and leprosy in clothing and leather (v. 47-59).

Fill in the blank.

The leprous person who has the disease shall remain unclean as long as he has the disease. He is unclean. He shall live alone. His dwelling shall be ( ).

Ch. 14) Chapter 14 is about Laws for Cleansing Lepers.

Who was the person who decided if the leprous disease is healed and executed two thorough cleansing procedures?

(The ministry of this person in charge of the detection and treatment of leprosy prophesies the work of the eternal High Priest Jesus Christ, who judges and heals human sin.)

**WED** February 2

Ch. 15) Chapter 15 records Laws about bodily discharges.

The man who was healed of the leak went to God on the eighth day and offered a sin offering and a burnt offering. What were the sacrifices used for those offerings?

Ch. 16) When was the Day of Atonement for the sins of the high priest and the people of Israel?

Ch. 17) God commanded "You shall not eat the blood of any creature." Why?

Ch. 18) Chapter 18 teaches about the sexual morals to be followed by God's holy people. Why did God drive out the peoples in the land of Canaan?

- 1) Because they liked to fight so much.
- 2) Because they were not a chosen people.
- 3) As the number of people increased.
- 4) Because the land was defiled by sexual immorality.

**THU** February 3

Ch. 19) Chapter 19 records the basic ordinances to be observed by the holy chosen people of Israel.

When you reap the harvest of your land, you shall not reap your field right up to its edge, neither shall you gather the gleanings after your harvest. And you shall not strip your vineyard bare, neither shall you gather the fallen grapes of your vineyard. You shall leave them for (.....) : I am the LORD your God.

Ch. 20) Idolatry (v 1-9: spiritual lewdness) and sexual offenses (v10-2: carnal lewdness) were the most serious crimes sentenced to death. Fill in the blank.  
I am the LORD your God, who (.....) you from the peoples.

Ch. 21) Chapter 21 is about the ordinance for the Priests.

And the LORD said to Moses, "Speak to the priests, the sons of Aaron, and say to them, No one shall make himself unclean for the dead among his people, except for (.....)

Ch. 22) Chapter 22 is about the rules regarding holy things (v 1-16) and the proper way to offer sacrifices (v7-33).

When any one of the house of Israel or of the sojourners in Israel presents a burnt offering as his offering, for any of their vows or freewill offerings that they offer to the LORD, if it is to be accepted for you it shall be a male (.....) of the bulls or the sheep or the goats.

**FRI** February 4

Ch. 23) Chapter 23 is about Feasts of the Lord. Name each of the following 2 feasts.

- 1) The seventh day, after six days of hard work:
- 2) All the people went out into the wilderness and dwelt in booths for 7 days:

Ch. 24) How many loaves were presented to The LORD on each Sabbath? Who ate them?

Ch. 25) 1) The fiftieth year, the year after seven times seven years, is called (.....).

2) What shall be proclaimed on the fiftieth year throughout the land to all its inhabitants?

Ch. 26) When the people of Israel despise and betray God's commands and ordinances, God was to bring many calamities.

Fill in the blank.  
And if by this discipline you are not turned to me but walk contrary to me, then I also will walk contrary to you, and I myself will strike you (.....) for your sins.

**SAT** February 5

Ch. 27) Chapter 27 records the laws about vows (v1-29) and the laws about tithe (v 30-34).

Whose is a tenth of the grain of the earth or of the fruit of the tree?

Numbers Ch. 1) A census of all the congregation of the people of Israel was taken on the first day of the second month, in the second year after the Israelites had come out of the land of Egypt. (They left Mt. Sinai 20 days after the day of the census.)

How many of them were "from twenty years old and upward, all in Israel who are able to go to war"?

Ch. 2) This Chapter is about Arrangement of the Camp.  
Fill in the blank.

Then the tent of meeting shall set out, with the camp of the Levites in the (.....) of the camps.

Ch. 3) The Levites helped the priests.

Moses listed the sons of Levi; "every male from a month old and upward" as the Lord commended.

How many of them were there?