

**MON** June 6

Ch. 51) This psalm is David's thorough repentance of his sins committed in transgression of Bathsheba, after the prophet Nathan's rebuked him. David said that what God asked for was not a burnt offering, but what?

Ch. 52) When David was being pursued by Saul, David was hungry and went to the house of Ahimelech the priest. Ahimelech helped him, and Doeg the Edomite reported this to Saul. Due to this, Ahimelech's family is annihilated. David is grieving at this event, sharply contrasting the path of the righteous with the path of the wicked. "See the man who would not make God his refuge, but trusted in the abundance of his (.....) and sought refuge in his own (.....)!"

Ch. 53) This poem warns that those who do not fear God are the wicked, and that their ultimate end is only eternal punishment. What kind of person does the poet say 'the atheist who says in his heart there is no God'?

Ch. 54) This is David's prayer poem in which he appealed to God for deliverance from enemies who wanted to kill him and for retribution for the wicked. In the midst of these difficulties, what does David confess that by faith he will see clearly with his own eyes?

Ch. 55) This psalm was written by David in grief over the betrayal of his friend Ahithophel during Absalom's rebellion. If David had wings like a dove, where does he want to fly to and rest? (We, too, sometimes have the same feeling as David. But the words of verse 22 give us strength.)

**TUE** June 7

Ch. 56) This psalm is set in the background of David's exile to the Philistines, where he had been hostile to Israel, to escape from Saul. He pleads with God for help in his situation, such as David's sorrow for having to sustain his life in the enemy's country, and his beleaguered situation. How many times dose he repeat "I trust in God"?

Ch. 57) This psalm was written by David, who felt his life was threatened in the Philistines, disguised as a madman and escaped from there, and was hiding in the Caves of Adullam and En-gedi. Where does David confess to flee until this difficult situation is over? (Hint verse 1)

Ch. 58) In this poem, the poet asks that God, who is the supreme judge, judges the rulers who pervert justice and commit evil in the trial process. "Do you indeed decree what is (.....), you gods? Do you (.....) the children of man uprightly?"

Ch. 59) This psalm is set in the background of David's victory over Goliath in the fight against the Philistines, and Saul sends an assassin to kill him. Even in these circumstances, David sings: O my (.....), I will sing praises to you, for you, O God, are my (.....), the God who shows me (.....).

**WED** June 8

Ch. 60) This psalm is a national prayer poem in which the king prayed for God's help after Israel was attacked by a neighboring country believed to be Edom. What does God say is throwing at Edom?

Ch. 61) This psalm was written as a plea for God's guidance in a desperate situation where David fled because of the rebellion of his son Absalom. What did David do when his heart was weak?

Ch. 62) In this psalm, David expressed his absolute trust in God, unwavering in spite of the fierce attacks of the rebels who were trying to oust him from the throne. Why is our soul silently seeking only God?

Ch. 63) It is a poem written by the king who was driven out of Jerusalem to the wilderness of Judah due to the rebellion of his enemies, longing for God. David confesses that he is now in the wilderness (a dry and barren land without water), but where is he to see the power and glory of the Lord?

Ch. 64) The poem is divided into the first part, which sings that the wicked will be destroyed on the day of judgment of God's justice, and the second part, where the righteous sing joyful praises on that day. What are the sins of the wicked? (Hint verses 3 and 8)

