

MON) April 24

Ch. 16) "In the thirty-sixth year of the reign of Asa, Baasha king of Israel went up against Judah...Then Asa took silver and gold from the treasures of the house of the Lord and the king's house and sent them to ()."

Ch. 17) Chapter 17 records the Reformation and Law education of Jehoshaphat, the fourth king of Judah. vv. 7-9 show the importance of faith formation based on the Word.

"And they () in Judah, having the Book of the Law of the Lord with them. They went about through all the cities of Judah and () among the people."

Ch. 18) When King Jehoshaphat of Judah and King Ahab of Israel tried to attack Ramoth Gilead together, 400 prophets told them to attack Ramoth Gilead, but only the prophet Micaiah delivered the word of God that this battle will be lost and Ahab would die. How did they treat the prophet Micaiah who prophesied negatively? (vv. 23-27)?

Ch.19) Who was the prophet who told Jehoshaphat that his alliance with Ahab (chapter 18) was to help the wicked and to love those who hate the Lord?

Elijah 2) Elisha 3) Micah 4) Jehu

TUE) April 25

Ch. 20) When the forces of Moab and Ammon united and invaded Judah, King Jehoshaphat of Judah declared a nationwide fast and prayed for God's help, and God gave Judah victory.

"Listen, all Judah and inhabitants of Jerusalem and King Jehoshaphat: Thus says the Lord to you, 'Do not be () and do not be () at this great horde, for the battle is not yours but () ."

Ch. 21) King Jehoshaphat died, and his son Jehoram became king of Judah. He married Ahab's daughter, built high places and worshiped idols. How did the prophet Elijah prophesy that he would die?

Ch. 22) Who was the only female king in the history of Southern Judah?

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|-------------------|-------------|
| 1) Queen of Sheba | 2) Athaliah |
| 3) Jehoshabeath | 4) Jezebel |

Ch. 23) Who is the priest who saved Joash, put him on the throne, and made King Joash rule according to God's will?

WED) April 26

Ch.24) How did the people of Judah and King Joash change after the death of Jehoiada? Choose all that apply.

- 1) They still served God well.
- 2) They abandoned God's temple.
- 3) They listened to the prophets sent by the Lord.
- 4) They stoned the prophet Zechariah to death.

Ch. 25) Who "came from striking down the Edomites, brought the gods of the men of Seir and set them up as his gods and worshiped them, making offerings to them?"

Ch. 26) Who do the following describe?

- 1) He became king after Amaziah, king of Judah.
- 2) Beside him was the prophet Zechariah, who taught him to fear God.
- 3) "When he was strong, he grew proud, to his destruction. For he was unfaithful to the Lord his God and entered the temple of the Lord to burn incense on the altar of incense."
- 4) "When he became angry with the priests, leprosy broke out on his forehead in the presence of the priests in the house of the Lord."
- 5) "He was a leper to the day of his death, and being a leper lived in a separate house."
- 6) He "slept with his fathers, and they buried him with his fathers in the burial field that belonged to the kings, for they said, "He is a leper."

Ch. 27) When Uzziah died, his son Jotham became king of Judah.

"Jotham became mighty, because he ()."

THU) April 27

Ch. 28) Jotham died and his son Ahaz ascended to the throne. He was the most idolatrous of all the kings of Judah. "He even made metal images for the () .” (v.2)
 "He made offerings in the Valley of the Son of Hinnom and burned his sons as an offering.” (v.3)
 "He () and () on the high places and on the hills and under every green tree.” (v.4)

Ch. 29) After Hezekiah ascended to the throne he first consecrated the house of the Lord. Write three of his main works:
 1)
 2)
 3)

Ch. 30) "For the king and his princes and all the assembly in Jerusalem had taken counsel to keep the Passover in the second month for they could not keep it at that time because the () had not consecrated themselves in sufficient number, nor had the people assembled in Jerusalem."

Ch. 31) Hezekiah organized the priests. What did the following people do?
 1) The people (v.1) : They "broke in pieces the pillars and cut down the Asherim and broke down the high places and the altars ."
 2) The priests and of the Levites (v.2):
 3) The king (v.3):
 4) The people who lived in Jerusalem (v.4):

FRI) April 28

Ch. 32) In the days of King Hezekiah, King Sennacherib of Assyria invaded Judah. What did King Hezekiah not do?
 1) He secretly dug a well outside the city to let Sennacherib escape.
 2) He built up all the wall that was broken down.
 3) He said "with us is the Lord our God, to help us and to fight our battles."
 4) God helped when he prayed with the prophet Isaiah.

Ch. 33) Manasseh did evil in the sight of God. "Therefore the Lord brought upon them the commanders of the army of the king of (), who captured Manasseh with hooks and bound him with chains of bronze and brought him to Babylon."

Ch. 34) 1) How old was King Josiah when he destroyed all kinds of idols and cleaned the temple?
 2) Who found the book of the law in the temple so that King Josiah could reform the religion?

Ch. 35) King Josiah found the book of the law in the temple and kept the Passover according to the law.
 "Then Josiah contributed to the lay people, as Passover offerings for all who were present ()
 these were from the king's possessions. After this, his officials, the chief officers of the house of God, and the chiefs of the Levites offered for the Passover. (vv.7-9)

SAT) April 29

Ch. 36) "Thus says (), 'The Lord, the God of heaven, has given me all the kingdoms of the earth, and he has charged me to build him a house at Jerusalem, which is in Judah. Whoever is among you of all his people, may the Lord his God be with him. Let him go up.'"

Ch. 1) "In the first year of Cyrus king of Persia, that the word of the Lord by the mouth of () might be fulfilled, the Lord stirred up the spirit of Cyrus king of Persia, so that he made a proclamation throughout all his kingdom..."

Ch. 2) "All the () and the sons of Solomon's servants were 392." (v. 58)
 They were Gentile, Nethinim , who served in the temple, splitting wood and fetching water. They outnumbered the Levites who were 139 of them.
 (Joshua 9:23/Gibeonites, Ezra 2:43-58)

Ch. 3) "And all the people shouted with a great shout when they praised the Lord, because the foundation of the house of the Lord was laid. But many of the () and () and () , () who () , wept with a loud voice when they saw the foundation of this house being laid, though many shouted aloud for joy."